## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

### LISTING OF CLAIMS

### 1. – 6. (cancelled).

7. (currently amended). An automatic introduction apparatus for automatically introducing a target celestial object by controlling a rotation of an astronomical telescope around at least two axes, said apparatus being characterized in comprising:

an image-capturing means, which is adapted to capture an image of a celestial object at a plurality of focal distances;

a celestial object database; and

a celestial object identification means for identifying celestial objects each of which images has been captured at each of the focal distances of by said image-capturing means, by comparing said images of celestial objects captured by said image-capturing means with a set of celestial object information in said celestial object database, wherein

said automatic introduction apparatus is configured to perform an alignment process for defining a set of coordinate transformation information of a coordinate system in said astronomical telescope relative to a celestial coordinate system is executed based on a set of position information for said celestial objects identified by said celestial objects identification means comprises an automated routine including:

(a) capturing an image of celestial objects by said image-capturing means;

(b) identifying a celestial object in said celestial object image;

- (c) correcting said coordinate transformation information based on the position information of said identified celestial object; and
- (d) controlling a rotation of said astronomical telescope so that said celestial object is introduced into a center of field in the captured image.

wherein said automated routine is repeated, using a focal distance of said imagecapturing means that is shifted to a focal distance for a more telescopic side, until the celestial object is introduced into a center of field in the captured image with a sufficient precision.

 (currently amended). An automatic introduction apparatus in accordance with claim 7, characterized in that

wherein an area of the current sky in which a field of view is not blocked is selected as a candidate area in which to capture the image by said image-capturing means in said step (a), before said routine is performed.

said alignment process includes the steps of:

capturing\_an\_image\_of\_a\_celestial\_object\_under\_a\_condition\_where\_said\_imagecapturing\_means\_has\_been\_set\_at\_a\_focal\_distance\_for\_a\_wide\_angle\_side;

identifying a celestial object in said celestial object image captured at said wide angle side;

correcting said coordinate transformation information based on the position information of said identified celestial object:

selecting a fundamental colestial object from said celestial object image captured at the wide angle-side;

controlling a rotation of said astronomical telescope so that said fundamental celestial object is introduced into a center of field in the captured image;

capturing an image of a celestial object under a condition where said imagecapturing means has been shifted to a focal distance for a more telescopic side;

identifying a celestial object in said celestial object image captured at the more telescopic side;

correcting-said-coordinate transformation-information-based on the set of position information of said-identified-celestial object; and

setting-said-image-capturing-means-sequentially-at-different-focal-distances-for the more-telescopic-side-and-repeating-above-respective-steps-until-the-fundamental celestial object is introduced into a center of field in the captured image with a sufficient precision.

 (currently amended). An automatic introduction apparatus in accordance with claim 8, in which said alignment process is executed <u>by repeating said routine for</u> each of at least two celestial objects.

using at least two fundamental celestial objects.

10. (currently amended). An automatic introduction apparatus <u>configured to perform a process</u> for automatically introducing a target celestial object by controlling a rotation of an astronomical telescope around at least two axes, said apparatus <del>being characterized in comprising:</del>

an image-capturing means, which is adapted to capture an image of a celestial object at a plurality of focal distances;

a celestial object database; and

a celestial object identification means for identifying celestial objects each of which images has been captured at each of the focal distances of by said image-capturing means, by comparing said images of celestial objects captured by said image-capturing means with a set of celestial object information in said celestial object database.

said automatically introducing process includes—the—steps—of: comprises an automated routine including:

- (a) capturing an image of celestial objects by said image-capturing means;
- (b) identifying a celestial object in said celestial object image; and
- (c) controlling said astronomical telescope to rotate so that said target celestial object is introduced into a center of field in the captured image based on the set of position information for said identified celestial object,

wherein said automated routine is repeated, using a focal distance of said imagecapturing means that is shifted to a focal distance for a more telescopic side, until said target celestial object is introduced into the center of a field in the captured image with a sufficient precision.

wherein said astronomical telescope is configured to be rotationally controllable so as to introduce said target celestial object into a center of a field of said astronomical telescope based on a set of position information for said celestial objects identified by said celestial object identification means.

# 11. (cancelled)

12. (original) An automatic introduction apparatus in accordance with claim 10, in which said celestial object identification means has a function to extract an area including a celestial object that has not been image-captured based on said celestial object images captured by said image-capturing means and to determine whether said target celestial object exists in said area.

### 13. - 40. (cancelled)

- 41. (previously presented) An automatic introduction apparatus in accordance with claim 7, in which said celestial object database is renewed based on a set of celestial object information obtained via an electric communication means.
- 42. (previously presented) An automatic introduction apparatus in accordance with claim 7. in which

an initial parameter for said alignment process is established automatically based on a set of position information of celestial objects identified by said celestial object identification means.

## 43. (cancelled)

44. (previously presented) An automatic introduction apparatus in accordance with claim 10, in which said celestial object database is renewed based on a set of celestial object information obtained via an electric communication means.